



## QUICK GUIDE

### 6 Statutory Safeguarding Principles

These principles must be reflected in the practice of any worker in any organisation, when working with an adult who is engaged in a MARM framework.

Key principle	Description	What this means to people
<b>1. Empowerment</b>	People being supported and encouraged to make their own decisions and informed consent.	<i>"I am asked what I want as the outcomes from the safeguarding process and these directly inform what happens."</i>
<b>2. Prevention</b>	It is better to take action before harm occurs.	<i>"I receive clear and simple information about what abuse is, how to recognise the signs and what I can do to seek help."</i>
<b>3. Proportionality</b>	The least intrusive response appropriate to the risk presented.	<i>"I am sure that professionals will work in my best interests as I see them and professionals will only get involved as much as needed."</i>
<b>4. Protection</b>	Support and representation for those in greatest need.	<i>"I get help and support to report abuse and neglect. I get help so that I am able to take part in the safeguarding process to the extent to which I want."</i>
<b>5. Partnership</b>	Local solutions through services working with their communities. Communities have a part to play in preventing, detecting and reporting neglect and abuse.	<i>"I am confident that professionals will work together, with me and my network, to get the best result for me. I know that staff treat any personal and sensitive information in confidence, only sharing what is helpful and necessary."</i>
<b>6. Accountability</b>	Accountability and transparency in delivering safeguarding.	<i>"I understand the role of everyone involved in my life and so do they."</i>